

INSANE WOMAN ATTEMPTS TO END LIFE

TUCSON, Oct. 7.—Obeying a sudden impulse to destroy herself, Mrs. Mary Nelson, wife of a smelterman at Douglas, committed to the State insane asylum at Phoenix, leaped from the window of the toilet room on No. 9, westbound Espee train, yesterday morning about 5:30 o'clock, received injuries to her head and foot from which she is not expected to recover.

Mrs. Nelson became insane recently from the results of continued religious meditation and emotion. Monday she was taken to Tombstone and given an examination before the Superior court, and was committed to the State insane asylum by Judge Lockwood.

She was placed in charge of Deputy Sheriff Rafferty, who started with her for Phoenix on the Golden State Limited. When they reached Tucson at 12:30 o'clock at night Mrs. Nelson, who had refused to go to bed, looked out of the window, and seeing the El Paso and Southwestern depot, similar to the one at Douglas, declared that they were at that city.

To humor her, Deputy Rafferty got out of the train, when she refused to go back and made such a fuss that he realized it would be useless to try to get her to sleep again that night. He brought her up to the Tucson county jail, where she was kept during the evening.

Yesterday morning he left with her for Phoenix. When they got to Jaynes station she told him that she wished to go to the toilet. He followed her to the front of the car, and when she went inside she shut the door quickly, locking herself in. In about three minutes Rafferty, hearing nothing more from her, grew alarmed. He ascertained that she was no longer inside, and rushing to a window saw that the window was open. A porter forced the door of the closet and it was found to be empty. The conductor was notified and the train stopped, and when the trainmen and Rafferty rushed back they found her near the track in charge of a Mexican woman who had seen her leap from the train.

Rafferty rushed her back to Tucson on an eastbound freight and she was hurried out to St. Mary's hospital. It was found that her head was badly bruised and one foot injured so severely that it became necessary to amputate it. Later in the afternoon she recovered consciousness, but it is not believed that she can recover. Relatives arrived yesterday evening from Douglas to care for her.

THIRTY-TON MILL FOR TELSORO GOLD MINES

(From Friday's Daily.)
With the deal closed for the Logan group of gold mines in Cherry creek district, and the Telsoro Mining Company in possession, both mining and milling operations are to begin immediately. A plant is now on the road to the camp with a capacity of treating 30 tons per day, and was furnished by the Arizona Mine Supply Company, of this city. In the mine department large exploration is being outlined to be energetically prosecuted, under the superintendency of Claude Ferguson, who was a visitor to the city yesterday. He was formerly with the Chaparral Mining Company, on the Little Jessie, in a similar position. The Logan holdings are among the best known of pioneer mines in the above field, and have been under steady development by L. N. Wombacher for many years, with a large tonnage accumulating on the dump, as well as underground conditions capable of making an increased supply to the above product. The Telsoro is a subsidiary organization of the Major Milling and Mining Company, which took over the Shelton group a few weeks ago, on Lynx creek, the latter camp being operated in an energetic and practical manner under the management of Major A. J. Doran.

MUNDS RETURNS TO MANAGE MINE

(From Wednesday's Daily.)
John L. Munds, the well-known mining operator and manager of the Carter Gold Mines Company, is home again after a month spent at the San Jacinto Hot Springs, very much improved in health.

Mr. Munds is getting things in shape to begin the work of sinking the shaft of the Carter to below the 500, where the ore bodies will be opened up. On the 250-level of this mine a splendid showing of ore was recently opened, and also on the 125-level. At the upper level the ore runs in value from \$25 to \$38 per ton, the ore in places being about 12 feet wide, although seven feet is of the high grade, the balance running about \$7 to the ton. Air is to be brought in from a nearby mine or a compressor will have to be installed to enable the use of machine drills.—Kingman Miner.

MINES OUGHT TO BELONG TO THE WEST

(From Friday's Daily.)
TUCSON, Oct. 7.—That the Western states should be allowed the benefit of their mineral resources, instead of these being developed for the enrichment of the country at large was declared by J. F. Callbreath, secretary of the American Mining Congress today at a luncheon tendered in his honor and that of J. H. Robinson, secretary of the Arizona chapter, by representative business men at the Santa Rita hotel. Mr. Callbreath argued that the mineral resources of the Western states are just as properly their own as Boston harbor belongs to Boston and New York harbor to New York.

The development of mines for the benefit of the states in which they exist results in the reduction of personal taxes borne by the inhabitants thereof, he said, and he added that mines are not found, but are made by putting labor into them and developing tonnage.

As to the location of mine experiment stations, he pleaded that he not be asked to favor any one city, since his work is to get the appropriation from congress. The efforts of all should be directed toward that first, he urged, and the question of location can be scrapped out afterwards.

Mr. Callbreath was introduced by Mr. Robinson as the father of the American Mining Congress, and an early leader in the safety first movement.

In his own speech, Mr. Robinson said that the state chapter now has 475 members, is engaged in promoting the welfare of the mining industry and in interesting outside capital. He showed that all cities of the state were started on mining money and that two-thirds of the taxes are dependent on mining. In spite of this, the year 1915 is the first time that the mining industry has received recognition in appropriations by the legislature. He paid a tribute to the Pima county delegation and to Professor Willis, director of the bureau of mines of the university for their work in securing \$75,000 for a school of mines building. Mr. Robinson said that in Arizona 38 per cent of the taxes are paid directly by mines as compared with 22 per cent by railroads, 12 per cent by agriculture and 7 per cent by cattle.

DOG SHOW WILL BE FEATURE OF FAIR

PHOENIX, Oct. 7.—Four of the six days of fair week will be noted for one thing, because of the dog show that will be held on those days. The dog show will begin on Tuesday, and will last four days, closing Friday night, and on these days the best bred dogs in the State and many entries from outside the State will be on show before the admirers of the "best friend of man" among the animals. Dogs eligible for entry do not need to be pedigreed or registered, but must be of some recognized breed. Lists of recognized breed can be found in our premium list. Quarters will be supplied for 150 dogs. The closing day for entries will be on Saturday, November 6th, and the dogs will be judged on Thursday of fair week. All dogs for the show must be on the ground not later than 10 o'clock on Tuesday morning. Good quarters will be provided for the pets, and the best of attention given them. No owner of a real pet need fear for the safety of his dumb friend. Some of the finest bred dogs in the United States will be on hand to contest for the ribbons and special prizes, many of which have already been donated.

NINETY DAYS FOR TAKING SHOES AND RAZOR

(From Friday's Daily.)
Ninety days in the county jail was the sentence given Serifino Terison, a Mexican, yesterday by Justice of the Peace McLane, after he had pled guilty to a charge of stealing a pair of shoes and a razor. The Mexican was arrested by the sheriff's office late Wednesday night, two persons having made a complaint that they had been robbed by him. The razor was stolen from one of the Mexicans down at the section house, and the shoes were stolen from C. R. Wallace, of Williamson valley. After stealing the shoes from the wagon of Wallace, the Mexican sold them to a local second-hand man. He will have plenty of time to think it over.

RESUMES ASSESSMENT

(From Friday's Daily.)
J. C. Bradbury, agent of the Walnut Grove Water Storage Company, has sufficiently recovered from injuries received in the Date creek railroad accident to resume charge of annual title work on the above holdings and left yesterday for Walnut Grove for that purpose. He states the Hassayampa river holdings will be the point of operating, and the usual annual outlay of over \$3,000 is to be applied to the big work.

MINING ENGINEER IS WON BY YAVAPAI

(From Friday's Daily.)
Returning a few days ago from a scouting trip through different mining fields adjacent to the city, Howard D. Sargent, a mining engineer of Geneva, N. Y., expressed himself yesterday as decidedly impressed with the extent of the mineralization of Yavapai county, and among other things, said:
"Nature has been slumbering in this field, and is just awakening through well directed and practical human effort. Such a scene of geological construction is hard to conceive as exists, and I must admit the situation is a surprise to me. As a mineral subdivision this county is a revelation. Take, for instance, the Jerome field, link it to Walker, then go over the range to Big Bug, and then on to the Bradshaw mountains, which to me appears to be the key to the mineral chamber of this zone. For the present I can only judge by hearsay of the Hassayampa region, also Copper Basin, and later will visit both districts. Enough has been seen, however, to convince me of the vast extent of treasure stored within the boundaries of this field, and the little wave of investments prevailing, is nothing as compared with what the future will reveal."

Herd Not to Crack.

When asked what was behind the present wave of activity noticeable in mining investments throughout the West, Mr. Sargent smiled and said:
"Candidly there is but one legitimate reason, and here it is: Industrial conditions in the big financial centers of the East have been shattered to fragments and somebody has been singing financially. Depression in manufacture, uncertainty over the future, with the past before their eyes, has stamped investors into a new era of seeking security for their capital, and mining appeals so attractive that many are going to take a chance in the new game. The cause of the rush west is due to the political conditions of the day, and the prevalent alarm as to the future. Industries in the East that have been employing the thousands, are now only employing hundreds, and stability gives way to uncertainty. What can capital do to retrench and relieve itself. There is only one solution to the problem, and that is the opportunity open before them of mines and mining. This industry as yet has not been 'floored' by the dominant political power of the nation, and is liable to escape destruction. I must admit I am a democrat, but from now on belong to the conservative school that balked when Bryan was first nominated many years ago, and the gold basis ticket went into the fight and won out. The same situation is again here today, but the vitality of the nation will most assuredly triumph in the future as it has in the past, and the next election will show it."

DEER ATTRACTED BY NOISE, SAYS HUNTER

(From Friday's Daily.)
"Make all the noise you can. Kick around and keep your eyes open," was the declaration of a mountain born Arizonan to a crowd of prospective hunters yesterday.
"These Arizona mountain deer, in the brush country, lie close to the ground. They will squat down in the thick brush or behind it like cotton-tails, and let you pass within a few feet, if you are going silently. If you are noisy, they will jump out and run. It is your only chance at them for they look so near the color of the brush and earth and lie so still that you have not one chance in a hundred of seeing them. Make the big noise as you go along."
This is only a sample of much of the talk current on the streets, the last few days, having to do with the choice game of the immediate season. Needless to say, there is no general agreement with the views of the mountain bred lad. Every hunter has his own very positive ideas about how best to go the route.

SPLENDID SHOWING ON FAIRVIEW MINES

(From Friday's Daily.)
John Anderson, in charge of development on the Fairview gold mines of Ed. Block, is in the city, and is quite enthusiastic over the showing made from recent development, saying that in the face of the 140-foot tunnel there are 33 inches of an ore body, the grade of which is the highest ever exposed. Anderson also states the property is naturally attracting more than ordinary attention at the present time, from its location as the first north extension of the Nelson, that has entered the class of a bonanza rating. He also says if any future visitors to that belt desire to inspect the Fairview, the property is open. The finishing up of packing or carload of ore is on, and shipping will be made in a short time to a smelter, which is to be the first production from this mine.

MINING STATION MAY GO TO TUCSON

TUCSON, Oct. 7.—The visit to Tucson during the past week of the Honorable Van H. Manning, director of the United States Bureau of Mines is significant that a step is to be taken in the progress of the State Bureau of Mines. The purpose of Mr. Manning's visit was to investigate the conditions of Tucson as a location of one of the proposed mining experiment stations to be established by the Federal Bureau.

By an act of congress, it was provided that there should be established at places selected by the secretary of the interior ten mining experiment stations, of which three should be established the coming year. No appropriation was made at the time, this matter being left to the general budget of the Federal Bureau for the next year. It was also provided in the same act that the Federal Bureau might accept donations or contributions from states of co-operative work, buildings or money.

In the selection of the first three stations, it was understood at the time the bill was passed that Alaska was to have one. As Utah already has a temporary station, this will undoubtedly be made permanent, leaving only one station to be sought for by the other states. Arizona claimed attention immediately, owing to the fact that it could provide co-operation with the State Bureau of Mines and could provide for housing the experiment station on the campus of the University area of Arizona. As Tucson is the geographical center of the copper area of Arizona, it would be a logical place for the establishment of a station to handle copper problems, the problems of the investigation of sulphur smoke and flue dust, the investigation of leaching methods for low grade copper ores, investigations of methods of separating the many low grade large deposits that are to be found within the area of Arizona as well as in the neighboring states.

The copper problems of Arizona are distinctly different from the copper problems of the two nearest to it in importance, Montana and Michigan. Michigan problems being largely with native copper and Montana problems dealing with arsenic combinations.

BOOZE EXPERT'S EVIDENCE IS ACCEPTED

TUCSON, Oct. 7.—An important ruling by Judge Cooper, by which a witness familiar with the taste and effects of intoxicating liquor can give testimony as to whether a drink purchased contained anything intoxicating, thus admitting the testimony of Henry J. Henderson, chief witness for the prosecution, was a feature of the case against Charles J. Cunningham, proprietor of the Cabinet bar, charged with a violation of the prohibitory law, which began yesterday afternoon in the Superior court.
Eugene S. Ives, representing the defendant, objected to answers given by Henderson to the effect that he thought that two or three drinks sold him by Cunningham on the evening of March 14 contained intoxicating liquor, claiming that such an answer was an opinion of the witness. He was overruled by Judge Cooper, but did not take an exception.
It is stated by attorneys that there is a strong list of precedents for such a ruling, but the matter did not come to an argument.

Later in cross-examination, Mr. Ives, seeking to break the force of his testimony, asked the witness whether he could state under oath that the second and third drinks contained intoxicating liquor, to which he replied that he could not state so under oath. Judge Campbell, assisting county Attorney Hilzinger, immediately asked him what he thought they contained and he stated to the best of his ability that he thought they did contain intoxicating liquor. The cross-examination of Henderson closed the case for the afternoon, and it will be resumed this morning.

BOARD LOOKS OVER PROPOSED NEW ROAD

(From Wednesday's Daily.)
Henry Suder, William Stephens and Clerk Belcher, of the board of supervisors, accompanied by T. G. Norris, of the roads committee of the Chamber of Commerce, made a trip to Granite Dells yesterday and made an investigation into the question of running the road to the Dry Farm through the point of rocks. Nothing further has been determined on the matter as Maney Brothers & Company have not turned in their survey or estimate to the board.

Other matters taken up by the board yesterday consisted of approving the accounts of the justices of the peace and the constables. Mrs. Mattie Ralston was granted a widow's exemption from paying taxes on her property.

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THE WEBB-KENYON ACT DON'T HIT ARIZONA

Speaking of the personal privilege aspect which newspapers throughout the State have construed into the now famous decision of Judge Shute, regarding the right to import liquor into the State for personal consumption, an eminent Arizona member of the legal fraternity, who has in no way been identified with the liquor cases, gave out the following interview yesterday:

"As day after day the newspapers of this State take up the question of whether liquor can be introduced into the State of Arizona for personal use, one cannot help but be struck with the very many reasons given for the opinions which have been handed down upon this one subject; and even to the mind of a layman some of them are so palpably wrong that it seems that the time has arrived when there should at least be a good reason given for the many decisions, regardless of what the individual interests or opinions may be.

Jurist Not Well Informed.
"Baxter, judge of the Superior court of Yuma county, has recently held the constitutional amendment in Arizona as 'bull-strong and pig-tight' and that liquor cannot be introduced into the State for any reason; and the line of reasoning which he uses is interesting to say the least and is clearly the effort of a layman and not the effort of a lawyer—or, rather, it might be better to say that it was the effort of some man attempting to do something that he knew absolutely nothing at all about; and the citation of the XIV amendment has about as much to do with the question as the X amendment.

"To begin at the bottom of this thing, it is probably within the mind of every layman, to say nothing of lawyers, that the constitution of the United States reserved to congress the exclusive right to regulate commerce between the States; consequently no State can pass a law prohibiting the introduction of any article into the State except by permission of congress. Through the influence of well meaning prohibitionists there have been several bills introduced and passed in congress attempting to affect the introduction of intoxicating liquor; the most recent of these is the act commonly known as the Webb-Kenyon act, which relieves intoxicating liquors of their interstate character, and is the consent of congress to the different States to regulate the introduction of intoxicating liquor into a State. The terms of that act must be consulted in order to ascertain just what the State can do, and it makes no difference whether it be a constitutional enactment or a legislative enactment—in fact about all our constitution is anyhow, is a statutory enactment.

Congressional Act Necessary.
"It must be clear that without the Webb-Kenyon act the entire constitutional amendment, so far as it attempts to regulate commerce between States, would be void as being in derogation of the constitution of the United States.

"Now, when we turn to the terms of the Webb-Kenyon act, which has recently been construed by the Supreme court of the United States, we find that it only makes unlawful and prohibits the introduction of intoxicating liquor where it is attempted to be introduced, received, possessed, sold, or in any manner used in violation of any law of the State, territory or district into which it is attempted to be introduced.

"All lawyers know, and most laymen, that there is no law in the State of Arizona which prohibits from having in his possession or using intoxicating liquor, consequently to ship it into the State for personal use would not be in violation of any law of this State.

"If therefore follows that the Webb-Kenyon act no where grants to the State the right to prohibit the introduction of intoxicating liquor for personal use, there being no where any law in this State making it unlawful to use it for personal use.

"If I have been thus far followed it must be clear that the Webb-Kenyon act has no application, and no effect to change the general rule. States may not regulate commerce wholly interstate; and before an individual could be guilty of the crime of introducing intoxicating liquor into Arizona, he must be proven to have brought it into sell, exchange, give, barter or dispose of."

MADE A SCOOP

(From Thursday's Daily.)
J. T. Allred, a pioneer resident, made a little scoop on the hunting fraternity during the week by going out on Potts creek, during the forenoon, and returned four hours later with a fine two-pointed buck deer swinging on his shoulder. He traveled on foot, distant less than four miles, and the wise ones are consoling themselves by saying he had his venison "staked out."

For quick and artistic job work, the Journal-Miner is the place.

PROSPERITY IN THE UPPER VERDE CITIES

(From Saturday's Daily.)
That Jerome and Clarkdale are on the crest of a giant wave of prosperity was the assertion of Superintendent of County Schools Miller yesterday after an inspection of the schools of the Upper Verde valley. The good times are not only noticeable in the schools, he declared, but among the business houses in the two coming cities.

Miller left for the Verde last Saturday, stopping at Perkinsville. On arriving at Clarkdale on last Monday evening Miller found it impossible to get a room because of crowded conditions, and had to go on to Cottonwood, where he found a room for the night.

The same crowded condition was found to exist at Jerome, for, after Miller had secured his room at the hotel, there were more than 30 other persons who applied for lodgings who were turned away. Miller says that the streets in both cities are alive with people, and everybody is confident that the period of good times is there to remain.

At Jerome the school roll showed that the attendance was about the same as last year, while at Clarkdale the increase is wonderful, there being 171 more pupils enrolled for the first month this year than there was for the same period last year.

Nine teachers are employed at Clarkdale, and with the night watchman, Jim Cook as truant officer, the attendance at the school is kept up to the maximum. Over 60 are enrolled in the first grade, all being taught by one teacher, who has to make a morning and afternoon division of the class. This situation will be remedied on completion of the new school building, which is rapidly being constructed and will be one of the best of its kind in the entire State. Any town might be proud of the new structure, which consists of nine class rooms of the regulation size, a special room, for the school library, an office for the principal, a teachers' rest room and a large auditorium.

In the Jerome school Superintendent Stevenson has worked out a course of study supplementing the State course, in which he had decided upon, for each of the texts the exact amount of work to be done by each teacher. His new system will later be furnished to all of the teachers in the valley under the Verde Valley Teachers' Association.

The Jerome school employs a school nurse and has a special teacher in physical training education for the pupils, both of whom are doing excellent work.

Arrangements have been made with Dr. McIntosh, a dentist of Clarkdale, to visit the Jerome schools once a week and the school board has equipped an office in one of the buildings, where each pupil may have his or her teeth examined free of charge. Out of 432 pupils examined, 284 were found to have defective teeth. Arrangements have also been made with Dr. Murietta whereby a free medical examination may be had by each pupil. These two public spirited men make no charges for these examinations and Jerome can consider itself fortunate to have them.

The first Parent-Teachers meeting of the year was held a short time ago and the attendance of over 200 for the size of the town is surprising. The gathering about filled the school auditorium. The schools have what is known as visitors' day once a month, 52 registered for visitors day during the past month. The room that can boast of the most visits from parents for the month is entitled to have the bust of Washington remain in the room during the following month.

With a school nurse, a truant officer, a special teacher in physical education, a special teacher of art, a special teacher of music, with free medical and dental inspection and a body of other live teachers, Jerome can boast of having one of the best schools of the State, and all this is done with the same prorate per pupil as in all other schools of the county, no special levy having been laid on the district.

Miller also declared that while in Clarkdale he saw some excellent work being done, declaring that he heard one entire grade, composed of 38 pupils each, every one of them doing credit to themselves and their teacher. He said that some of the best readers in the county schools were in that class at Clarkdale.

The Willard school, taught by Miss Ruth Haisley, where the attendance for the first month was 12 greater than the Cottonwood school, taught by Misses Elfelson and Thornburg, where the attendance for the first month compared with the same time last year, six more pupils were inspected by Superintendent Miller.

Last year the enrollment for the four schools of the Upper Verde for the first month of school was 637, this year the enrollment for the first month shows 774, a gain of 137 or over 21 per cent. Miller declared that

the Verde school situation was most gratifying and that he hoped the next trip of inspection would be as good. He stopped at Perkinsville last Sunday with M. A. Perkins. He says that everybody there is busy putting in grain and working the cattle.

BIG OPERATIONS TO BEGIN ON THE LOMA

(From Saturday's Daily.)
That the recently organized Loma Prieta Mining Company, which recently took over the large copper holdings of Joseph Scherer in Copper Basin, is to prosecute a line of operation, was evidenced yesterday by heavy purchases from the Arizona Mine Supply Company, and other firms in the city. The operating equipment soon to be installed will be a West Coast hoisting plant, a large sized blower, 600 feet of cable, 400 feet of piping and a large line of miscellaneous apparatus. John Livezey, who heads the new syndicate, stated yesterday that sinking of the main working shaft to a depth of 500 feet will be started to be followed by other exploration work. He is a practical operator, and before deciding on the point for the principal work, made close observations of surface conditions as well as an inspection of the old workings. This mining movement for that field is weighted with more than ordinary interest, from the splendid showing on the Loma and for the reason the group adjoins on the east the Commercial holdings that are in a high state of production at the present time. Other deals are pending in that field, and it is expected before the first of the year four properties within a mile of each other will be active. The advent of Mr. Livezey to this field is regarded with much importance in mining circles, from his reputation as a practical operator and one also whose career has been attended with success in other fields.

BIG DITCH WORK IS NEARING THE END

(From Saturday's Daily.)
The 11-mile long main canal of the Hassayampa Alfalfa Farms Company, leading out of Granite creek below Lake Watson, will be completed today, and is ready to receive water for developing the 5,000 acre tract set aside for irrigating. This waterway has been under construction for over four months by Maney Brothers, and is the last link in the project for the raising of crops on a large scale. The laterals are also ready to receive the flow, and a system of intensive farming is now under headway. The main canal has a six-foot bottom with a carrying capacity of 4,400 miners' inches of water. The next important move of the company will probably be determined after the arrival next week of several of the principal shareholders from Terre Haute, Ind., when the taking up of the construction of a second water storage dam on Willow creek will receive final, and probably, favorable action. The success of water storage is akin to the success now being made in land developing and the big farm in Lonesome valley is beginning to cause surprise and admiration.

DID NOT LIVE TOGETHER A YEAR

(From Saturday's Daily.)
Declaring that his wife deserted him before a year of their married life was completed, E. J. Brown yesterday filed suit in the Superior court asking that he be granted a divorce from Elizabeth Brown. The couple was married in November, 1913, in Yavapai county and the wife, according to the complaint, deserted in the following October. The plaintiff is represented by Attorney J. E. Russell.

Probate work constituted the business of the Superior court yesterday. Judge Smith denying the petition of Guardian Annie S. McNally in the estate of David Connors, an incompetent, to sell certain mining property. The hearing for the petition for the distribution of the estate of Saturnino Vasquez was continued to Friday, October 15. In the estate of I. W. Crane the petition for the probate of the will was continued without date.

RANGE CATTLE DEAL CLOSED FOR \$25,000

(From Wednesday's Daily.)
Yesterday evening up the pace between the mining and cattle deals closed in this city, and both came under the wire neck and neck. In the livestock dealings of the day, the deal pending between M. S. Plummer and C. W. Davis and Elmer Plummer was closed, in which the two latter paid the first named over \$25,000 for all cattle, range property and privileges in the Anvil Rock country. This sale is the third one made in the above section during the past month, and brings the aggregate sum involved to over \$80,000. The above seller stated yesterday he is to re-enter the cattle business in another section of the county, and on a bigger scale than heretofore.